

Decision Making Constructs in a Distributed Environment (DCODE)

Dr. Robert A. Fleming, SSC-SD, Principal Investigator 619 553-3628, rfleming@spawar.navy.mil
Dr. James W. Broyles, SSC-SD, Co-Principal Investigator 619 553-4688, jbroyles@spawar.navy.mil
Dr. Michael Letsky, ONR 342, Program Manager 703 696-4251, letskym@onr.navy.mil

15-17 January 2002

maintaining the data needed, and c including suggestions for reducing	lection of information is estimated to completing and reviewing the collect this burden, to Washington Headqu uld be aware that notwithstanding ar DMB control number.	ion of information. Send comments arters Services, Directorate for Infor	regarding this burden estimate mation Operations and Reports	or any other aspect of the 1215 Jefferson Davis	is collection of information, Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington		
1. REPORT DATE JAN 2002		2. REPORT TYPE		3. DATES COVE 00-00-2002	red 2 to 00-00-2002		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE				5a. CONTRACT	NUMBER		
Decision Making Constructs in a Distributed Environment (DCODE)				5b. GRANT NUMBER			
				5c. PROGRAM E	LEMENT NUMBER		
6. AUTHOR(S)		5d. PROJECT NUMBER					
					5e. TASK NUMBER		
					5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER		
	ZATION NAME(S) AND AD V arfare Systems Cer 001	` /	an	8. PERFORMING REPORT NUMB	GORGANIZATION ER		
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)					10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)		
				11. SPONSOR/M NUMBER(S)	ONITOR'S REPORT		
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAII Approved for publ	LABILITY STATEMENT ic release; distributi	on unlimited					
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NO ONR TC3 Worksh	otes op, Cognitive Elemo	ents of Effective Col	laboration, 15-17	' Jan 2002, Sa	an Diego, CA.		
14. ABSTRACT							
15. SUBJECT TERMS							
16. SECURITY CLASSIFIC	17. LIMITATION OF	18. NUMBER	19a. NAME OF				
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	Same as Report (SAR)	OF PAGES 14	RESPONSIBLE PERSON		

Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

Agenda

- Background
 - Problem
 - Objectives
 - Approach
- Discussion of Proposed Experiment
 - Concepts, models, tools & demo
- Group Feedback

DCODE: Background/Problem

- Many military decision making environments consist of:
 - Distributed participants (time/place)
 - Participants that have both shared (public) and uniquely held decision-relevant information
- Research (Stasser et al) indicates that uniquely held information is often not exchanged between the participants (emphasis is on the public information)
- Result is that decisions are based on missing and partial information.
 - Particularly serious in "hidden profile" situations.

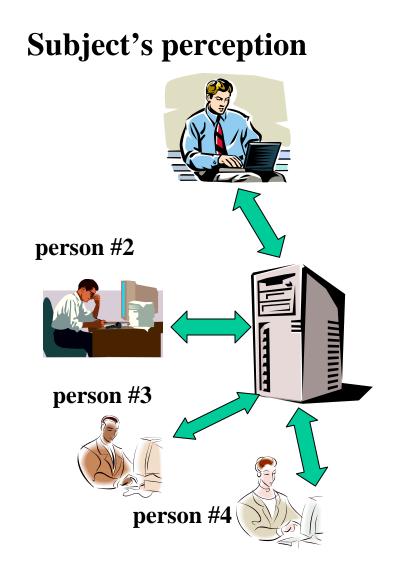
DCODE Objectives

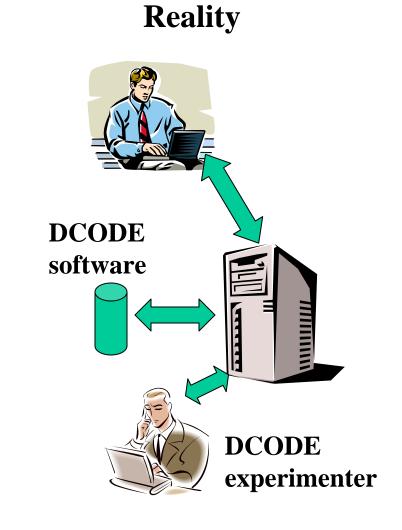
- Stasser's work is based on traditional face-to-face meeting situations.
 - Determine if the results are the same for decision making in a time/place asynchronous collaborative environment?
- In a computer-based, on-line distributive decision making task, develop procedures and technologies that enhance the exchange of decision-relevant uniquely held information.
- Have group decision makers reach "Collective Intelligence", i.e. all relevant, uniquely held information is moved into the shared, public domain.

DCODE Approach

- 1. Develop simplified on-line knowledge elicitation (KE) techniques that tap a participant's
 - Categorization of an information item
 - What decision factor does it relate to?
 - Assessment of the effect of the item
 - Positive, negative or neutral influence on taking a COA?
 - Importance/Relevance of the item
 - High, medium or low importance to decision?
- 2. Develop GUI for group input of KE results such that each participant can easily
 - Detect significant areas of disagreement
 - Select appropriate relevant unique items of information to exchange (transmit/receive) with other participants to reconcile differences and reach Collective Intelligence

Experimental Design





Experimental Design

- Subjects
 - Experiment will be web-based and use 20+ participants taken from SSC SD or University setting.
- Scenario/Stimulus Materials
 - You are part of a "new business" planning staff for a medium-sized US manufacturing company. You, and three other members of the staff have been asked to examine the advisability of establishing a new manufacturing plant in the country of Islandia.
 - Receives information on 5 evaluation parameters (some items shared, some unique)
 - Labor Pool
 - Salary/Benefits
 - Political Stability
 - Infrastructure
 - Red Tape/Incentives
 - Use information items to assess Yes/No aspect of each parameter (7 point scale)
 - How would you reconcile differences between yourself and the other analysts?

Experimental Sequence

Subject reviews information

- -Instruction set provides task instructions
- -Receives 5 Common or shared information items
- -Receives 15 uniquely-held information items (5 positive, 5 negative, 5 irrelevant)

The parameters

Completes scoring of -From review of shared & uniquely-held information, participant makes judgment of each of the 5 constructs

> Transmits judgment to group, sees group judgment

-After judgment on each parameter, sends decision input to others

Reviews group inputs

-Participant reviews group feedback

Selects prioritized queries to be sent

- -Who?
- -What Construct?
- -Share which item?

What the S gets:

- 5 items of information listed as SHARED items
 - 1 for each construct
 - 1 is Neutral, 2 are Minus, 2 are Positive
- Followed by 15 more items listed as UNIQUE items:
 - 5 are irrelevant
 - Remaining 10 are divided as:
 - 2 for each construct
 - Could be Minus/Minus, Positive/Positive, Minus/Positive
- There are 3 items related to each construct (total 15)
- There are 5 irrelevant, filler items

Sequence of inputs:

Change:	First (shared)		Two Unique Items		
Sup	M	Minus	Positive	Minus	
Rev	P	Minus	Positive	Positive	
Sup	P	Positive	Positive	Minus	
Rev	M	Positive	Minus	Minus	
None	N	Neutral	Positive	Minus	

Research Questions:

- Does the change in shared to unique information content influence the direction/priority of information exchange?
 - e.g are the MPP or PMM triads shared more often than PMP or MPM ?
- Does the degree of difference between participants scores influence the direction/priority of information exchange?
 - e.g. do larger score discrepancies get more attention?
 - Is the size of the discrepancy most important or is its relationship to the score of the shared item that most influences information exchange?

Research Questions (cont.):

- Do people select the correct (most relevant) information items to share?
- Does the sequence of arriving information influence judgment?
 - e.g. are the triads MPP and PMP scored the same?
- Is one GUI better than another for display of group judgment information

Research Questions (cont.):

- Do people exhibit internal consistency?
 - e.g. does overall ranking track with scores on individual parameters?
- Can people ignore irrelevant items?
- Do Neutral items get a neutral score?
- Is this modified Repertory Grid a viable KE design?
- Can people complete this type of a task in a reasonable amount of time?

Discussion/Comments